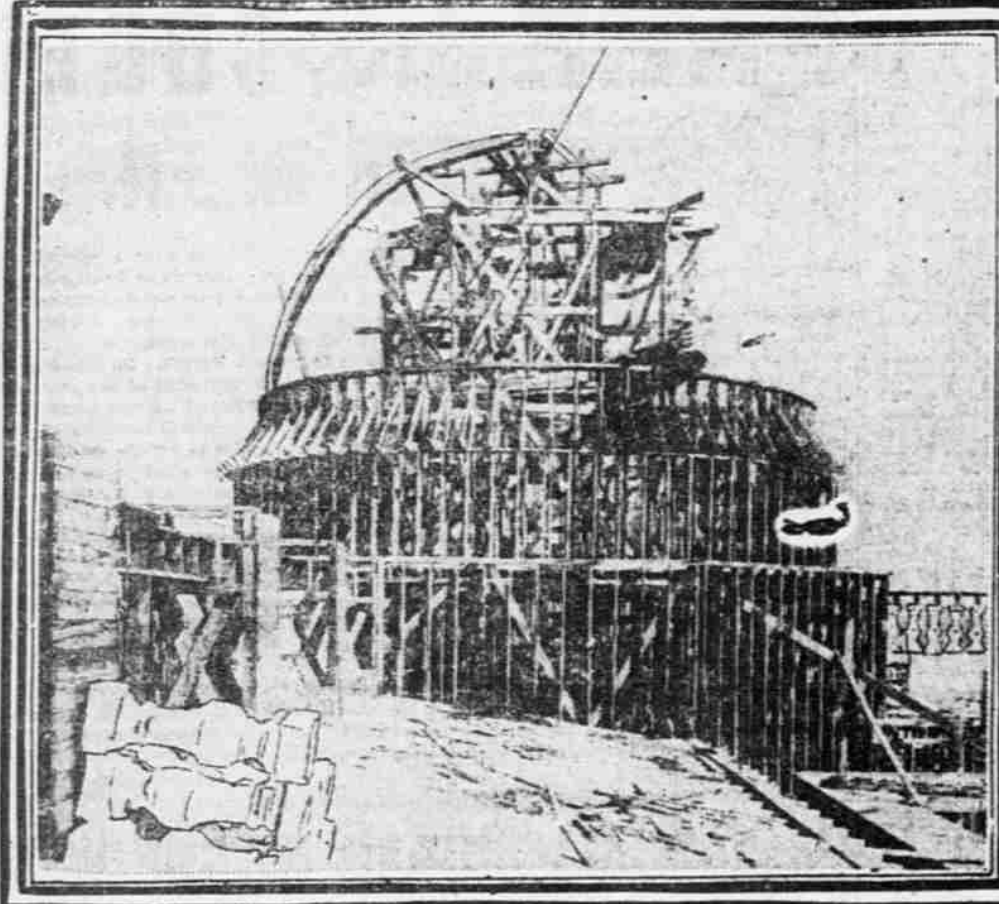
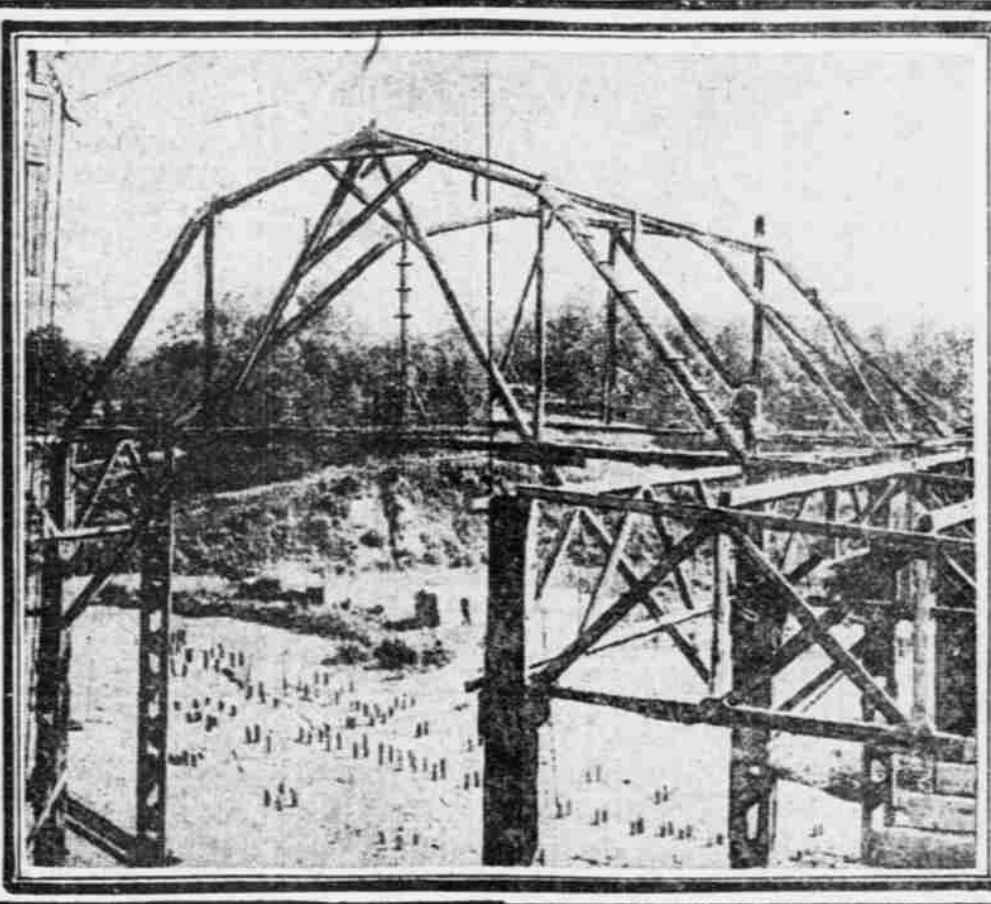


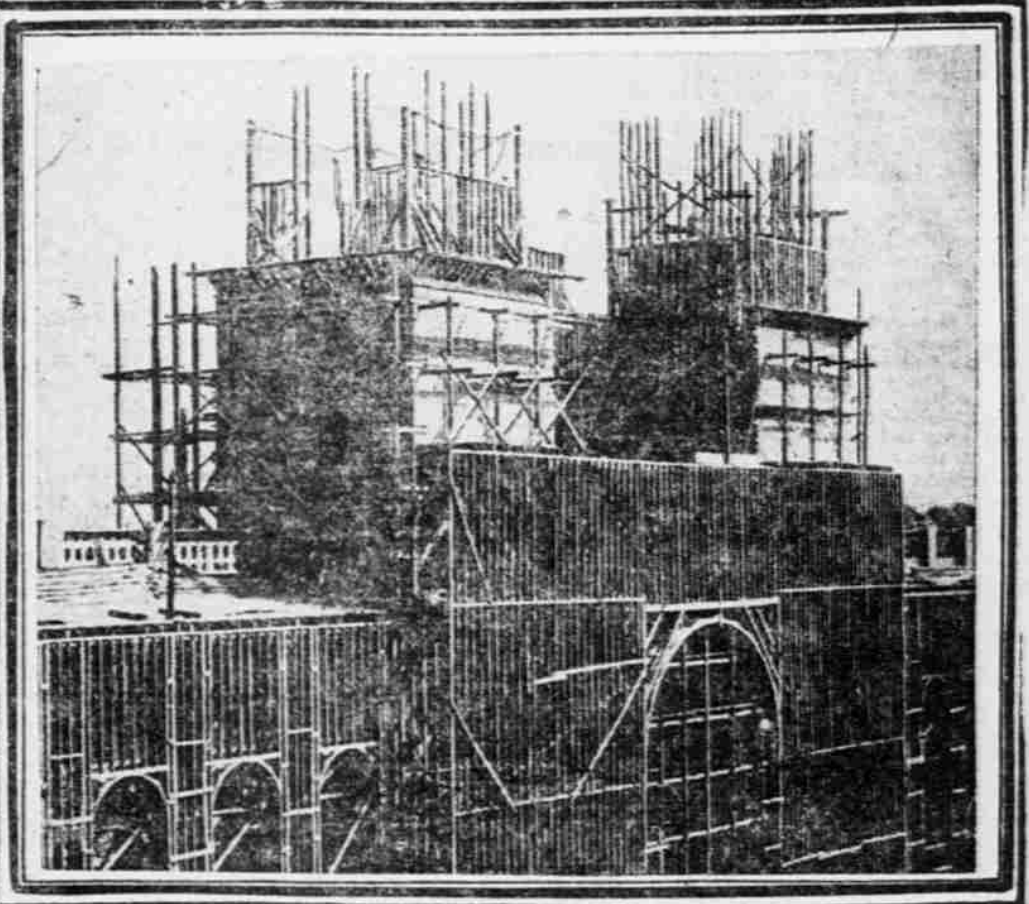
TOWERS, DOMES AND ROOFS ARE MOUNTING AT THE EXPOSITION SITE.



—By a Republic Photographer.
Superstructure of the dome of the northeast corner pavilion of the Palace of Varied Industries, taken from a position on the top of the cornice, sixty-five feet from the floor. The pinnacles of the dome are 100 feet from the ground. A section of the massive traveler which will hold the roof trusses into place shows in the right edge of the picture. Staff columns for balustrades piled in the foreground.



—By a Republic Photographer.
Looking at the roof trusses of the Palace of Textiles from the cornice line of that building. The height of the lower girder of the trusses is sixty-five feet from the floor. Below appear the pilings for the foundation of the south wall of the same structure, and in the distance is the eastern spur of Art Hill, which will be separated from the building by one of the subsidiary waterways of the Exposition.



—By a Republic Photographer.
First stage of the construction of the twin towers flanking the east main entrance of the Palace of Varied Industries, taken from the top of the north wall of the same building. These towers will attain an altitude of 200 feet from the base of the structure. They will furnish observatory points for visitors to the Exposition, who will be taken to the summits in elevators. Part of the finished staff balustrade shows on the cornice.

GERMANY WILL PARTICIPATE
IN ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.

Government Officials Have Changed Their Lukewarm Attitude and Have Given Definite Promises Regarding Educational and Art Exhibits—Doctor Lewald Is Said to Be Stated for General Commissioner.

REVOLUTION IN SENTIMENT SINCE PRINCE HENRY'S VISIT.

Berlin, July 12.—Official notification that the opening of the St. Louis Exposition has been postponed until 1904 has not yet been received at the Foreign Office here, but as a consequence to the official information on the subject the Government will probably appoint Doctor Lewald, who was Assistant Commissioner of Germany at the Paris Exposition, to be General Commissioner at St. Louis.

Months ago the Government almost refused to appoint a Commissioner, but Joseph Brucker, the St. Louis Commissioner here, has persuaded the officials to change their attitude, and definite promises have been given regarding educational and art exhibits.

There has been a revolution in sentiment in regard to America since Prince Henry's visit. Prince Hohenlohe, Albert Ballin, director general of the Hamburg-American Line; Baron J. von Bleichroder, the well-known banker, and Professors von Ehrlich and Walder have joined the recently organized society for the promotion of better relations between the United States and Germany.

LAKE SHORE TRAIN
MAKES RECORD TIME.

Distance of 481 Miles Covered in
460 Minutes, Making Up
Two Hours' Time.

MANY SLOW-DOWNS INCLUDED.

Belief Now Is That Sixteen-Hour
Schedule Between Chicago and
New York Is Within the
Bounds of Possibility.

Chicago, July 12.—Reeling off 481 miles in 460 minutes, the Twentieth Century Limited on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern road today smashed records for fast running on that system and verified assertions made by officials that a sixteen-hour schedule could, if necessary, be maintained between Chicago and New York.

The train, forty-five miles west of Buffalo, was two hours and twenty-eight minutes behind its schedule, and then it was that the engineers were given a clear track and ordered to make their best time over the various divisions.

The train covered the 124 miles between Brockton and Cleveland in 131 minutes. From Cleveland to Toledo the engineers pushed along over the 112 miles at some points at a speed reaching ninety miles an hour, covering the distance in 103 minutes. The run to Elkhart, Ind., 124 miles, was covered in 115 minutes.

The run into Chicago from Elkhart was slower, on account of slowing down while passing through three towns where the speed of trains is limited by ordinance. Slow-downs were also necessary for the fourteen grade railroad crossings in Chicago.

Despite these delays, the 101 miles were covered in 111 minutes, and the train, which was due in the city at 9:45 a. m., arrived at the Grand Central Passenger Station only twenty-eight minutes late.

TOO SICK FOR HIS TRIAL.

Doctor Ryno Completely Broken
Down by Arrest.

McPherson, Kan., July 12.—Doctor A. B. Ryno, arrested yesterday for alleged connection with the shooting of Miss Maude Holmes, was too ill today to appear in court, and his preliminary hearing was continued to July 13.

Miss Holmes' condition is improved today and she may recover.

BURGLARS BREAK IN STATION.

Sixth Visit to New Franklin M., K. & T. Depot.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
New Franklin, Mo., July 12.—Burglars entered the office of the M., K. & T. Ry. here last night and after breaking open all boxes in the freight depot secured a grip and carried off five boxes of the gloves.

This is the sixth time the office has been broken into. No clue to the robbers.

TOM L. JOHNSON
IS A CANDIDATE.

Mayor of Cleveland Will Seek
Democratic Nomination for
the Presidency.

WILL MAKE TOUR OF THE WEST

Lafe Pence, the Former Populist
Member of Congress From Col-
orado, Holds Long Con-
ference With Johnson.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Cleveland, O., July 12.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the presidency and he will make a tour of the West in the interest of his candidacy, probably this fall. This statement comes from the Mayor himself.

Lafe Pence, the former Populist member of Congress from Colorado, who served in the House with Johnson, was here today and he and the Mayor had a long conference.

Before leaving Pence obtained a promise from Johnson to come to Colorado and other Western States to make speeches endorsing himself for the presidency.

Mr. Johnson told Pence that he had already received several invitations to visit the West and if nothing happened he would accept them soon.

Heretofore the Mayor has declined to confirm the report that he is a candidate for the presidency. His friends have insisted that his ambition was fixed upon the White House and his political maneuvers since he was elected Mayor have tended to confirm that view of the case. It is likely that his campaign from now on will be an open one.

VATICAN TRYING TO
FORM A PRECEDENT

Hopes for Permanent Diplomatic
Relations With America
Through Friar Question.

Rome, July 12.—There is apparently a disposition on the part of the Vatican to take advantage of the Philippine question to forward its desire for the establishment of the diplomatic relations with the United States.

The Vatican authorities hope that the question of the purchase of the friars' lands and other matter involved, will render indispensable the continuance of relations initiated by Governor Taft for at least two years, while they are also hopeful of reversing the question of withdrawal of the friars from the islands so as to prolong these relations even further.

TESSON HEARING AT
ST. PAUL TO-MORROW

President Francis of the World's
Fair Company Witness in In-
junction Proceedings.

TO BE HEARD BEFORE SANBORN.

Right of Exposition to Exercise
Eminent Domain Principal
Question at Issue in
the Case.

President Francis and the attorneys for the Exposition Company will depart tonight for St. Paul, where the injunction suit of the Tesson heirs against the World's Fair corporation will be heard to-morrow before Judge Walter F. Sanborn of the United States Circuit Court.

General Counsel James L. Blair and Judge James A. Seddon will represent the Exposition Company, while the Tesson heirs will have their claim for a permanent injunction presented by Messrs. Finkenburgh, Nagel and Kirby and Messrs. Dawson and Garvin.

On June 30 a proceeding was instituted in the United States Court before Judge Elmer B. Adams, who upon the filing of the bill granted a restraining order, which was made returnable before Judge Sanborn because of Judge Adams' enforced absence from the city.

The nature of the proceedings has never been fully set forth. In detail, the bill charges that the World's Fair Company is merely a private corporation, organized for pecuniary gain; that the statute under which it was created and which gives it the same right to condemn as railroad and telegraph companies, is unconstitutional, because it undertakes to give this right of eminent domain to a private corporation.

The complainants allege that to permit their land to be taken under such a statute would be to act without due process of law, as by both the State and the Federal constitutions. The World's Fair Company will contend that it is not a private but a public corporation and that the use to which it proposes to put the land is a public use and that it intends to take the land only after full and just compensation is made to the owners as the law provides.

It will be maintained also that the question as to the use to which the company proposes to put the land is a judicial question, which must be determined by the court in which the condemnation proceeding is instituted; that, since the owners have the right to test this question before the State Circuit Court, they have their day in court; have an adequate remedy at law and are not being deprived of their property without due process of law.

The issue to be argued before Judge Sanborn on Monday will be whether the United States Court will entertain jurisdiction of the case in view of the fact that the complainants have a full and adequate remedy at law in the State Court, and whether the World's Fair Company is a public corporation and the purpose to which it is proposed to put the land is a public use.

The Tesson heirs allege that their property is worth \$10,000 an acre, or \$1,000,000. They also allege that it has been homesteaded for the last thirty years, thus basing their right to resist the temporary condemnation on sentiment that their home is likely to be destroyed. The Tesson tract comprises about 100 acres, of which the 220-position Company desires to use the east fifteen acres on the Skinker road, which is 1,000 feet east of the family residence.

On this tract, according to the plans of the Exposition Company, there is to be no building nearer than 1,500 feet east of the Tesson residence. The Exposition Company claims to have offered a rental equal to 5 per cent on \$5,000 an acre and a large sum of money in addition, and with the assurance that the property would be restored to its present condition, no trees would be cut and no grading done except such as would improve the property.

PEACE TERMS OFFERED TO
REBEL GENERAL HERRERA.

When Quiet Is Restored in Isthmus of
Panama, Colombian Congress
Will Assembly.

Panama, Colombia, July 12.—Acting on orders from Washington, the United States special-service steamer Ranger, now here, sailed at 5 p. m. to-day for Chiriqui, to protect American interests there.

It is reported that General Herrera, the revolutionary commander, has decreed that all produce in the property of his Government, whether belonging to natives or foreigners.

The United States Consul here, H. A.

LEADING TOPICS
—IN—
TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

THE SUN RISES THIS MORNING AT
4:44 AND SETS THIS EVENING AT 7:35.
THE MOON SETS TO-MORROW MORN-
ING AT 12:15.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
For St. Louis and Vicinity—General-
ly fair.
For Missouri, Arkansas and West
Texas—Fair Sunday and Monday.
For East Texas—Partly cloudy Sun-
day and Monday; occasional local
showers.

PART I.

1. Greatest Corn Deal in All History.
2. Young King of Spain Queer.
3. British War Office Severely Censured.
4. Executive Business Not Transacted in White House.
5. Cardinal Vaughan a Papal Possibility.
6. Real Estate Sales and News.
7. Santa Fe Machinists Strike.
8. East Side News.
9. Winners of The Sunday Republic Prize Puzzle Picture Contest.
10. Tells Best Way to Fight Chinch Bugs.
11. Outlaw Tracy's Adventurous Flight for Freedom.
12. Theatrical Happenings.
13. Says Mother's Spirit Prevented Wed-
ding.
14. Treves Addresses Medical Students.
15. Unaccompanied, She Will Tour Siberia.
16. Summary of Local Grain Markets.
17. Grain Prices Inclined to Seek Lower Level.
18. Stock Speculation Held Back.
19. Gordon's Hearing Begins at Columbia.
20. To Equip Brooklyn Bridge With Side-
walk.

PART II.

1. Band Concerts for Downtown Parks.
2. Open-Air Treatment for Consumptive Patients.
3. Children to Help Clean the Streets.
4. Pretty St. Louis Women at the Resorts.
5. Social News and Gossip.
6. French Pets at Lem's Park and Delmar Garden To-Morrow.
7. Frothington on July 11.
8. Teachers for Cherokee Schools Are Ap-
pointed.
9. Notes About Society in Neighboring Cities.
10. Captain Grace Rescued Four Simultane-
ously.
11. German Baron Comes to Study America.
12. Pages 6 to 11, Inclusive, Republic "Want."
13. For Sale and Real Estate Advertisements.
14. Secret Society Doings.
15. Constable Sued on His Bond.
16. In Jail for Beating His Wife.
17. Governor Has Not Answered Sherman.
18. New York Horace Adopt Stray Hens.
19. Prisoners to Penitentiary.

PART III.

1. General News and Cycling Gossip.
2. National and American League Aver-
ages.
3. Purcell's Gossip.
4. Crack Soriniers Entered.
5. Lawn Tennis Again in Favor.
6. Southwestern Amateur Rowing Associa-
tion's Regatta.
7. Editorial.
8. Notices of Deaths.
9. Power of Thermite, the Newly Discov-
ered Force.
10. Inspectors Seize Scales in China.

Gudger, goes to Chiriqui on board the
Ranger, to make the necessary inquiries
there.

Mr. Gudger will also take some important
papers, which General Herrera, the govern-
ment of Panama, is sending to General
Herrera. It is presumed that they include
peace terms.

There is no doubt that Herrera will be
placed in possession of the true version of
the recent disaster of the Liberal arms
and that he will be convinced of the futility
of further bloodshed. So soon as the isthmus
is pacified the general elections will take
place and Congress will meet and decide
the canal question.

Killed Himself Accidentally.

Hiawatha, Kan., July 12.—Brent K. Yates,
a prominent business man of this city, ac-
cidentally shot and killed himself here to-
day with a target rifle while attempting to
remove a jammed bullet. He was a gradu-
ate of Yale and was at one time a practi-
cing attorney at Omaha. Later he was con-
nected with a correspondence school at
Scranton, Pa.

ARCHBISHOP FEEHAN
IS DEAD AT CHICAGO

End Comes After Months of Illness
and Enforced Withdrawal
From Active Work.

TWENTY-TWO YEARS IN OFFICE.

Leader in Catholic Priesthood of
the West—Born in County Tip-
perary, Ireland, Coming
to America in 1852.

Chicago, July 12.—Archbishop Patrick A. Feehan, for twenty-two years in charge of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Chicago, died at 3 p. m. to-day after a long illness.

For more than a year the Archbishop has been in poor health.

Much of his time has been passed in the



ARCHBISHOP PATRICK A. FEEHAN.

quiet of his country home at Pecheville, and for months all executive business of the church has been out of his hands.

For the purpose of relieving him of the onerous duties of his office, Father P. J. Muldoon was appointed Auxiliary Bishop of Chicago.

This position was not in the line of suc-
cession, and it does not follow that Bishop
Muldoon will take the place of the Arch-
bishop.

Archbishop Feehan was born in County Tipperary, Ireland, in 1852. He has been Archbishop of the Archdiocese of Chicago since September 10, 1880. He had been in America since 1852 and a leader in the Catholic priesthood of the West for forty-six years.

In 1885 he was made Bishop of Nashville. He succeeded Bishop Foley here.

A severe attack of pneumonia last year having left the Archbishop with an incurable case of asthma. This taken with the troubled condition of affairs among the priests of the archdiocese, is supposed to have hastened his death.

The trouble among his priests was occasioned by the appointment of Bishop Muldoon as his associate. This appointment did not meet with the favor of all the clergy and was bitterly opposed by a faction headed by Father Crowley. All reached so acute a crisis that Father Crowley was deposed, and later excom-
municated.

The causes of the opposition to Bishop Muldoon probably arose from his well-known stand in the controversy between the so-called American and German factions in the Catholic Church of the United States. For these views Father Feehan is held, he was actively opposed by the German or anti-American party among the clergy of Chicago.

Although possessed of a private fortune, Archbishop Feehan devoted much of his substance to charitable and philanthropic projects in his diocese, and was widely known and honored for his amiable in-
stincts. One of the most noted works of this character was the founding of the mag-
nificent home at Pecheville, a suburb of Chicago, for poor and orphaned boys and girls.

IRVING MCGOWAN DROPS DEAD
WHILE WATCHING SON PLAY BALL.

Exciting Climax of Game Produced
Fatal Affection of the Heart of
Prominent Financier—Game
Was Waged Between
Rival Sunday School
Teams.

DEATH'S HAND FELL

While watching an exciting baseball game in which his only son was one of the catchers, Irving McGowan of No. 1927 Benton street died suddenly from affliction of the heart at Forest Park yesterday afternoon.

He was a well-known financier, with an office in the Laclede building, and was formerly at the head of the Patterson Stationery Company on North Fourth street, in which he worked up from messenger boy to proprietor.

Mr. McGowan's father, Robert McGowan, is one of the oldest residents of St. Louis, having come here in 1818 direct from Manchester, England. The family has been living at the Benton street address for nearly forty years.

The game of baseball on picnic grounds No. 2, Forest Park, yesterday afternoon was between teams from the Sunday schools of the Second and the Compton Heights Christian churches. Mr. McGowan was one of the founders and chief supporters of the first-named church. His enthusiasm manifested itself in everything with which his church was connected, and this, coupled with the fact that his son, Thomas, was the catcher for the team, induced him to witness the contest.

AT CLIMAX OF GAME.

He occupied a bench under the fringe of trees surrounding the diamond. The game was hotly contested and in the eighth inning the Compton Heights boys seemed likely to win. They had only two scores to overcome and two men were on bases. The man on first attempted to steal second. Young Thomas McGowan, catcher, threw the ball to second, while the runner slid. The moment the umpire threw up his hand to announce a decision a shout was heard from the benches.

Mr. McGowan was seen to fall forward on his face. One of the spectators picked him up, while his son, throwing aside mask, gloves and chest protector, rushed to his father's side. Water was brought instantly and dashed upon the unconscious man, while the son chafed his hands and loosened his collar. The attempt to revive him was fruitless.

One of the first persons to reach the stricken man was his pastor, the Reverend W. Davies Pittman, who knew that Mr.



IRVING MCGOWAN.

Of No. 1927 Benton street, who died of heart disease while watching an exciting game of baseball in which his son was one of the catchers at Forest Park yesterday.

He at once directed that the family physician, Doctor R. M. Funkhouser, Coroner, be sent for. Upon his arrival Doctor Funkhouser stated that Mr. McGowan's death, from heart failure, had been almost instantaneous.

Followed by the players and members of the congregation of the two Christian churches, the body was removed to the McGowan home at No. 1927 Benton street. The body had been turned into one of mourning. The game was not finished.

Mr. McGowan was 54 years old, having been born the year that his father and mother came to St. Louis from England. When a lad 12 years old he entered the employ of Robert M. Patterson, stationer, No. 46 North Fourth street, as a messenger boy.

There he was gradually promoted on account of his industry and integrity, until he finally became a member of the firm.

In 1888, when Mr. Patterson retired, he assumed the management and principal ownership. Four years ago he disposed of his interest in the business and since that time has been dealing in stocks and bonds, and adding to an already comfortable fortune.

In 1879 Mr. McGowan was married to Miss Ann Ormes, daughter of Thomas Ormes. The widow and two children, Thomas, 23, and Ethel, 12, survive. Their grief is shared by Robert McGowan, the aged father.

JAPANESE WINS HIGHEST
HONORS IN LAW COLLEGE.

Takahashi Kinsya Quick to Grasp
Intimacies of Course at Illinois
Wesleyan University.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bloomington, Ill., July 12.—The remarkable ease with which the Japanese adapt themselves to American civilization, laws and customs has perhaps never had a more striking illustration than in the case of Takahashi Kinsya.

It is generally believed that to the average foreigner the laws of this country are fearfully and wonderfully made. The dry details were easily mastered, however, and the teachers were warm in their enthusiasm over the clear idea received of the various subjects by this unique young foreigner.

His father is a millionaire of Tokyo and has given his son unlimited credit financially.

Takahashi is not alone prominent for his brilliance in studies, but for his curious idiosyncrasy, writing the English language in a style peculiarly his own, yet as clear as engraving. His attire is also faultless and he has been styled the Beau Brummel of Bloomington. He also speaks English fluently and with perfect grammatical construction. He will spend several years fitting himself for a masterial position in his native country. He is spending his summer vacation at Potoskey, Mich., and will resume his studies at the Illinois Wesleyan this fall.

WEST POINT CADETS INJURED.

Captain Greble, U. S. A., Caught
Under Falling Caisson.

West Point, N. Y., July 12.—Captain Edwin G. Greble, U. S. A., instructor in artillery tactics, and three cadets were injured to-day in an accident during artillery drill.

Captain Greble, accompanied by six cadets, was taking a gun along a high embankment, west of Highland Falls, when the horse Captain Greble was riding became unmanageable and leaped over the embankment, drawing the gun carriage with it.

The caisson fell on Captain Greble, crushing both legs and injuring him internally. Three cadets who were riding on the caisson were also badly injured.